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MICROSOFT CORPORATION ONE MICROSOFT WAY			AUGUSTINE, NICHOLAS	
REDMOND, W	REDMOND, WA 98052-6399		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		•	2179	
				
	•		NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		10/606,037	ELLIOTT ET AL.					
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Nicholas Augustine	2179					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address					
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failur Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Au	ugust 2007.						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4) 🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-56</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-56</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) 🗌	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Applicati	on Papers							
9) 🔲 .	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ejected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) 🔲	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	• •						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		ed in this National Stage					
* 5	application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ad .					
Attachment	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D	·					
3) 👿 Inforn	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>8/21/2007</u> .	5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

A. This action is in response to the following communications: Amendment filed 08/21/2007. This action is made **Final**.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 2. Claims 1-9,12-18,20,21,23-24,36-37,41-46 and 50-56 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Blaze Software (Blaze Tray Audio) http://web.archive.org/web/20020202140332/www.trayaudio.com/index.html.
 - The Examiner encourages the applicant to run the program of Blaze Tray
 Audio for purposes of better understanding the software. Free trial software can be found at

http://web.archive.org/web/20010813165611/www.trayaudio.com/trayaudio

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As for independent claim 1, Blaze teaches a user interface comprising: a graphical interface that enables a user to select media-playing services (pg.2 par.2), wherein the graphical interface is integrated into an operating system shell's user interface and includes multiple controls for selection of the media-playing services (pg.2 par.4 and pg.3; wherein when the user selects the graphical portion of Blaze audio playing interface multiple controls are rendered to the display).

As for dependent claim 2, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 1, wherein the graphical interface further enables the user to select media-playing services with a single click of a mouse (pg.2).

As for dependent claim 3, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 1, wherein the graphical interface further enables the user to select media-playing services with a single click of a mouse when another application running in another process is in perspective (pg.2 as illustrated in the flash presentation on the site one user click to activate a playing function is shown).

As for dependent claim 4, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 3, wherein the perspective includes the other application being in focus (pg.3; wherein the player is in the system tray out of perspective).

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As for dependent claim 5, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 1, wherein the graphical interface further enables the user to select media-playing services without altering a perspective of another application running in another process (note claim 4)

As for dependent claim 6, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 1, wherein the controls include buttons for selection of the media-playing services (pg. 2, par.4; figures on page 2).

As for dependent claim 7, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 1, wherein the controls enable selection of the media-playing services including services that stop and pause a first media file being played and start a second media file (note claim 6).

As for dependent claim 8, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 1, wherein the controls include button for selection of the media-playing services including a service that alters a size for a presenting of a visual aspect of a media file (pg.2; "progress").

As for dependent claim 9, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 1, wherein the controls include a control button for selection of the media-playing services including a service that alters a volume for a playback of an audio aspect of a media file (pg.2).

As for dependent claim 12, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 1, further

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comprising: a visual space for presenting metadata associated with a media file (pg.2 "02:30").

As for dependent claim 13, Blaze teaches the user interface of claim 1, further comprising: a visual space for presenting metadata associated with a media file, wherein the graphical interface enables the user to select media-playing services to present metadata associated with the media file (pg.2 & 8, showing a display of metadata with associated media files).

As for independent claim 14, Blaze teaches a system comprising: a media-playing application in computer memory executing in a shell process of an operating system (pg.2), wherein the media-playing application is capable of enabling a user to control media through a user interface having multiple controls and integrated into a taskbar associated with the shell process the controls comprising at least one of a play control, a pause control, a stop control, a previous control, a next track control, a volume control, a mute control, a metadata control, a visual space control, a switch control, and a library control (pg.2-3; wherein one and more controls are rendered to the display under the operating system shell (to confirm to a standard window rendering) of controls for Blaze).

As for dependent claim 15, Blaze teaches the system of claim 14, wherein preferences for displaying the user interface in the taskbar are retained by the media-playing

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application for future use (of course those skilled in the art would appreciate that when the application closes and reopens its last status of position and preferences will be retained such much of the startup of the program in (pg.2; figure) wherein the user is presented with the application as they closed it).

As for dependent claim 16, Blaze teaches the system of claim 14, wherein the mediaplaying application is capable of receiving preferences for how the user interface is displayed and used that are received from the user through another application executing in the shell process (pg.5).

As for dependent claim 17, Blaze teaches the system of claim 14, further comprising a player deskband, wherein the player deskband is capable of receiving preferences relating to the user interface and sending the preferences to the media-playing application (of course those skilled in the art will appreciate that the above mentioned program from Blaze uses a program module to communicate to the operating system in order to display itself within the operating shell (pg.2, 7-9) depicts the program running on a computer system, wherein the program is communicating with the operating system).

As for dependent claim 18, Blaze teaches the system of claim 14, wherein the mediaplaying application comprises a deskband and a controller, the deskband configured to communicate with the shell process and the operating system, the controller configured

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to enable the user to control media through the user interface (of course those skilled in the art will appreciated that Blaze uses a module to communicate to the operating system and the operating shell process, as noted before, the display of pg.2,7,9 provide evidence of such an action, also wherein the operating system handler/ listener is providing a means of a controller to listen for user interaction with the program to provide user control of media files as is what's imposed on the program (i.e. controller).

As for dependent claim 20, Blaze teaches the system of claim 14, wherein the mediaplaying application is capable of creating the user interface to have a minimum visual size on the taskbar (pg.2-3).

As for dependent claim 21, Blaze teaches the system of claim 14, wherein the mediaplaying application is capable of creating the user interface following a skin file containing text, art, and script parameters (pg.5)

As for dependent claim 23, Blaze teaches the system of claim 14, wherein the mediaplaying application is capable of presenting audio media (pg.7).

As for dependent claim 24, Blaze teaches the system of claim 14, wherein the mediaplaying application is capable of presenting metadata associated with a media file being presented by the media-playing application (note the analysis of claim 23).

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As for independent claim 35, Blaze teaches a method comprising: presenting a graphical user interface having multiple controls and integrated into a taskbar user interface (pg.2-3); and enabling, without the graphical user interface being in perspective (pg.2), a user to select media-playing services through the multiple controls of the graphical user interface (pg.7-8; wherein the user may select one of the *controls* displayed).

As for dependent claim 36, Blaze the method of claim 35, wherein the enabling is performed also without the graphical user interface being in focus (pg.2-3).

As for dependent claim 37, Blaze the method of claim 35, further comprising: presenting a media file in accord with the selected media-playing services (pg.7-8).

As for independent claim 41, Blaze teaches a computer-readable medium (pg.1; of course those skilled in the art will appreciate that the download link from the corresponding page indicates that the program is to downloaded and comes in the form that of an installation exe format wherein is stored on hard disk and can be stored on other suggested mediums as disclosed) comprising computer-executable instructions that perform the following when executed by a computer: present a media-control user interface having multiple controls in a first process for controlling services associated with playing media; and enable a user that is actively engaged with a non-media-control

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user interface in a second process to interact with the media-control user interface through selection of one or more of the multiple controls without disengaging from the non-media-control user interface (pg.2-3,7-9).

As for dependent claim 42, Blaze the computer-readable medium of claim 41, wherein the interaction with the media-control user interface includes selection of a media service by clinking on one of the multiple controls (pg.7-9; wherein it is appreciated that the user can select the media services with a logical device such that of a mouse, keyboard, stylus, etc).

As for dependent claim 43, Blaze the computer-readable medium of claim 41, wherein the interaction with the media-control user interface includes selection of a media service and consists of a single mouse click (pg.2: as demonstrated in the flash presentation).

As for dependent claim 44, Blaze the computer-readable medium of claim 41, wherein the interaction with the media-control user interface includes selection of a media service and consists of a single command (pg.2: as demonstrated in the flash presentation).

As for dependent claim 45, Blaze the computer-readable medium of claim 41, wherein the interaction with the media-control user interface includes selection of a media

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service and consists of a single keystroke (pg.2: as demonstrated in the flash presentation and pg.10).

As for dependent claim 46, Blaze the computer-readable medium of claim 41, further comprising: provide media-playing services based on the interaction (pg.9-10).

As for independent claim 50, Blaze teaches a computer-readable medium comprising computer-executable instructions (note claim 41) that perform the following when executed by a computer: create a first user interface with graphically selectable mediacontrol services and running in a first process; and enable selection of the media-control services while a second user interface running in a second process remains in perspective (pg.1-2; wherein the operating system renders the player to the screen and the system listens for input from the user to interact with the player).

As for dependent claim 51, Blaze the computer-readable medium of claim 50, wherein the media-control services include initiating and ceasing play of a media file (pg.7-8).

As for dependent claim 52, Blaze the computer-readable medium of claim 50, wherein the selection of one or more of the media-control services is enabled with a single mouse click (pg.2: as demonstrated in the flash presentation and pg.10).

As for dependent claim 53, Blaze the computer-readable medium of claim 50, wherein

demonstrated in the flash presentation and pg.7).

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the first user interface is integrated into an operating system's taskbar (pg.2: as

As for dependent claim 54, Blaze the computer-readable medium of claim 50, wherein the first process is used by an operating system for executing a taskbar (fig.2-3, 8; wherein it is appreciated of the executable program that handles the operating system graphical user interface, i.e. explorer).

As for independent claim 55, Blaze teaches an apparatus comprising: means for presenting a user interface having multiple controls in a first process for controlling services associated with playing media; and means for enabling a user interacting with a second process to interact with the user interface through the multiple controls and without ceasing to interact with the second process (wherein the operating system renders the player to the screen and the system listens for input from the user to interact with the player; note the analysis of claims 50,41,35,25,14 and 1).

As for dependent claim 56, Blaze the apparatus of claim 55, further comprising: means for playing a media file based on preferences received from the user during the interaction with the user interface, the interaction including selection of two or more of the multiple controls (pg.2-3 and 8).

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3. Claims 1, 25, 41 and 55 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being unpatentable over Mann et al. (2004/0212640), herein referred to as Mann.

As for independent claim 1, Mann teaches a user interface comprising: a graphical interface that enables a user to select media-playing services, wherein the graphical interface is integrated into an operating system shell's user interface and includes multiple controls for selection of the media-playing services (par.16, 73 and figure 4, 6D, 8A, 10A-B and 11B-C).

As for independent claim 25, Mann teaches a system comprising: a controller; a playback module; a visual space; and a user interface, wherein: the controller is capable of creating the user interface; the user interface is integrated within an operating-system shell's user interface and is capable of enabling a user to input preferences for play of a media file; and the playback module is capable of rendering the media file to enable the controller to present the media file in the visual space and with the visual space remaining visible over all other windows on a screen in which the user interface and operating-system shell's user interface is presented (par.16, 73 and figure 4, 6D, 8A, 10A-B and 11B-C).

As for independent claim 41, Mann teaches a computer-readable medium (pg.1; of course those skilled in the art will appreciate that the download link from the corresponding page indicates that the program is to downloaded and comes in the form

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that of an installation exe format wherein is stored on hard disk and can be stored on other suggested mediums as disclosed) comprising computer-executable instructions that perform the following when executed by a computer: present a media-control user interface having multiple controls in a first process for controlling services associated with playing media; and enable a user that is actively engaged with a non-media-control user interface in a second process to interact with the media-control user interface through selection of one or more of the multiple controls without disengaging from the non-media-control user interface (par.16, 73 and figure 4, 6D, 8A, 10A-B and 11B-C).

As for independent claim 55, Mann teaches an apparatus comprising: means for presenting a user interface having multiple controls in a first process for controlling services associated with playing media; and means for enabling a user interacting with a second process to interact with the user interface through the multiple controls and without ceasing to interact with the second process (par.16, 73 and figure 4, 6D, 8A, 10A-B and 11B-C).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 6. Claims 10,11,19,22,25-35,38-40,47-49 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Blaze in view of GustoSoft

 (http://web.archive.org/web/20021130001235/http://gustosoft.com/).

As for claims 10,11,19,22,28,38-40,47-49, Blaze teaches a media player for playing music wherein the media player is inside of the system shell (note the above analysis). Blaze does not expressly mention the use of the media player playing visual media however in the same field of endeavor GustoSoft teaches a multimedia player which is embedded in the system tray that plays music and videos (visual media) (pg.1-4). It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine GustoSoft into Blaze, this is true because GustoSoft presents a media player embedded into the system shell exactly like Blaze but only differing by adding visual media onto of the audio media presented by Blaze (page 1 of GustoSoft) those skilled in the art would see

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the extract function as an obvious variant for the desktop home entertainment genre in technology.

As for independent claim 25, Blaze teaches a system comprising: a controller; a playback module; a visual space; and a user interface, wherein: the controller is capable of creating the user interface; the user interface is integrated within an operating-system shell's user interface and is capable of enabling a user to input preferences for play of a media file; and the playback module is capable of rendering the media file to enable the controller to present the media file in the visual space and with the visual space remaining visible over all other windows on a screen in which the user interface and operating-system shell's user interface is presented (pg 8) (Note the analysis of claims 8,11, 16,18 and 19; wherein it is appreciated that the above already analyzed claims are within the exact same similarity and it is well appreciated that the teachings of Blaze correspond to a program which in turn is related to a system, wherein this system performs the above mentioned subject matter as noted from the above analysis already). Blaze does not expressly mention the use of the media player playing visual media and displaying player always on top of all other windows however in the same field of endeavor GustoSoft teaches a multimedia player which is embedded in the system tray that plays music and videos and displaying the player on top always (visual media) (pg.1-4). It would be obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine GustoSoft into Blaze, this is true because GustoSoft presents a media player embedded into the system shell exactly like Blaze but only differing by adding visual media onto of

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the audio media presented by Blaze (page 1 of GustoSoft) those skilled in the art would see the extract function as an obvious variant for the desktop home entertainment genre in technology.

As for dependent claim 26, Blaze teaches the system of claim 25, further comprising a deskband, wherein the deskband is capable of aiding the controller in determining parameters for the user interface to conform by communicating with an operating system that governs the operating-system shell's user interface (note the analysis of claims 17-18).

As for dependent claim 27, Blaze teaches the system of claim 25, further comprising a deskband, wherein the deskband is capable of building a file containing parameters for the user interface to conform to an operating-system shell governing the operatingsystem shell's user interface (note the analysis of claims 17-18).

As for dependent claim 29, Blaze teaches the system of claim 25, wherein the user interface includes media-playing services that stop, play, pause, skip forward or backward through, and change to a next or previous track of the media file (pg.8).

As for dependent claim 30, Blaze teaches the system of claim 25, wherein the user interface includes media-playing services that stop, play, and pause the media file

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(pg.7-8)

As for dependent claim 31, Blaze teaches the system of claim 25, wherein the user interface is capable of enabling the user to input preferences through dragging and dropping an icon representing a media file onto the visual space or the user interface (pg.7).

As for dependent claim 32, Blaze teaches the system of claim 25, wherein the user interface and the playback module execute in different processes (pg.7; of course, those skilled in the art will appreciate that explorer exe or the like runs the operating system graphical user interface while the trayplayer exe handles the media player program at hand).

As for dependent claim 33, Blaze teaches the system of claim 25, wherein the user interface and the playback module execute in one process (note claim 32 analysis; wherein of course, those skilled in the art will appreciate that one process can render the interface as well as listen for incoming request from the user).

As for dependent claim 34, Blaze teaches the system of claim 25, wherein the user interface executes in a first process governing the operating system shell's user interface, the playback module executes in a second process, and the user interface includes a button to select a service that switches presentation of media from the visual

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space to a second visual space created by an application running in the second process (note the analysis of claims 33,32 and 25 above).

7. Claims 14 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mann et al. (2004/0212640), herein referred to as Mann.

As for independent claim 14, Mann teaches a system comprising: a media-playing application in computer memory executing in a shell process of an operating system (pg.2), wherein the media-playing application is capable of enabling a user to control media through a user interface having multiple controls and integrated into a taskbar associated with the shell process the controls comprising at least one of a play control, a pause control, a stop control, a previous control, a next track control, a volume control, a mute control, a metadata control, a visual space control, a switch control, and a library control (par. 16, 73 and figure 4,6D). Mann teaches a sidebar, wherein defined is a designated space for displaying active live information of current executing processes on a computer. Mann does not specifically teach a taskbar per se having media controls rendered thereon but instead a sidebar which is rendered as part of the taskbar (rendered joined to the taskbar and features taskbar functionality; figures 11b-c) It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use media controls "tickets" in a taskbar from the teachings of use of media controls in a sidebar, because to one skilled in the art a sidebar is related to a taskbar and Mann

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suggest that the sidebar disclosed features same properties and functionality of a

taskbar; par.59-75).

As for independent claim 35, Mann teaches a method comprising: presenting a graphical user interface having multiple controls and integrated into a taskbar user interface; and enabling, without the graphical user interface being in perspective, a user to select media-playing services through the multiple controls of the graphical user interface (note the analysis of claim 14 above).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 8/21/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant does not argue against the prior art. Examiner has reconsidered the prior rejection and has determined that the current status of the claims do not overcome the prior art. Additionally in moot of new grounds of rejection based upon amendment the Examiner believes that the immediate application is unpatentable over Mann et al. (US 2004/0212640). After this consideration with an explanation of determination the Examiner does not feel an interview at the time will further expedite prosecution.

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Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Inquires

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nicholas Augustine whose telephone number is 571-270-1056. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday: 7:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Weilun Lo can be reached on 571-272-4847. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Nicholas Augustine

Examiner AU: 2179

N. Augustine 10/25/2007

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